

## Problems to be handed in

1 Consider the autonomous dynamical system

$$\dot{x} = f(x) \tag{1}$$

where  $x(t) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Let a vector  $\xi \in \mathbb{R}^n$  be given. Then, for  $t \geq s \geq 0$ , let  $\varphi_{s,t}(\xi)$  denote the point  $x(t)$  on the trajectory of this system starting from  $x(s) = \xi$ , or, equivalently,

$$\frac{d}{dt}\varphi_{s,t}(\xi) = f(\varphi_{s,t}(\xi)), \quad t \geq s$$

with the initial condition  $\varphi_{s,s}(\xi) = \xi$ . By time invariance,  $\varphi_{s,t}(\xi) = \varphi_{0,t-s}(\xi)$ . We say that the system (1) is *exponentially contracting* if there exist constants  $c, \lambda > 0$  such that

$$|\varphi_{s,t}(\xi) - \varphi_{s,t}(\xi')| \leq ce^{-\lambda(t-s)}|\xi - \xi'|$$

for all  $t \geq s \geq 0$  and all  $\xi, \xi' \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . In other words, an exponentially contracting system “forgets” its initial condition exponentially fast.

Now, let  $F : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a  $C^1$  function which is  $m$ -strongly convex, i.e.,

$$F(y) \geq F(x) + \nabla F(x)^\top (y - x) + \frac{m}{2}|y - x|^2, \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

Prove that the gradient flow  $\dot{x} = -\nabla F(x)$  is exponentially contracting.

2 Consider the problem of estimating the scalar parameter  $\theta$  from online observations  $(u(t), y(t))$  related via  $y(t) = \theta u(t)$ . In class, we have discussed the gradient method

$$\dot{\hat{\theta}} = -\gamma \nabla J_t(\hat{\theta}),$$

where  $J_t(\hat{\theta}) := \frac{1}{2}(\hat{\theta}u(t) - y(t))^2$  is the instantaneous cost at time  $t$  and  $\gamma > 0$  is a fixed adaptation gain. We have shown that the parameter estimation error  $\tilde{\theta}(t) := \hat{\theta}(t) - \theta$  evolves according to the ODE

$$\dot{\tilde{\theta}} = -\gamma u^2(t)\tilde{\theta}.$$

(a) Prove the above equation for  $\tilde{\theta}$  has the solution

$$\tilde{\theta}(t) = \exp\left(-\gamma \int_0^t u^2(s) ds\right) \tilde{\theta}(0).$$

(b) We say that  $\tilde{\theta}$  is *Uniformly Exponentially Convergent* (UEC) if there exist some  $c, \lambda > 0$  such that

$$|\tilde{\theta}(t)| \leq ce^{-\lambda(t-t_0)}|\tilde{\theta}(t_0)|, \quad \forall t \geq t_0 \geq 0.$$

Prove that  $\tilde{\theta}$  is UEC if and only if the input  $u$  has the persistent excitation (PE) property.

3 Recall that the minimizers

$$\hat{\theta}(t) = \arg \min_{\hat{\theta}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t (\hat{\theta}^\top \bar{\phi}(s) - \bar{z}(s))^2 ds + \frac{1}{2} (\hat{\theta} - \hat{\theta}_0)^\top Q_0 (\hat{\theta} - \hat{\theta}_0) \right\}, \quad t \geq 0$$

for a given initial condition  $\hat{\theta}(0) = \hat{\theta}_0$  and a fixed symmetric and positive definite matrix  $Q_0$  can be generated by the flow

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\hat{\theta}} &= -P\bar{e}\bar{\phi} \\ \dot{P} &= -P\bar{\phi}\bar{\phi}^\top P \end{aligned}$$

with initial conditions  $\hat{\theta}(0) = \hat{\theta}_0$  and  $P(0) = Q_0^{-1}$ . Here,  $\bar{e}(t) := \hat{\theta}(t)^\top \bar{\phi}(t) - \bar{z}(t)$  is the (normalized) output prediction error. Fill in the details in the proof of  $\bar{e}, \hat{\theta} \in L_2 \cap L_\infty$ .

4 Consider the first-order scalar plant

$$\dot{y} = -ay + bu \tag{2}$$

where  $a > 0$  (so the system is stable) and  $b \neq 0$ .

- (a) Derive an explicit expression for the output  $y(t)$  of (2) due to the sinusoidal input  $u(t) = \sin \omega t$ , where  $\omega \neq 0$  is a constant frequency.
- (b) Using the result of part (a), show that the steady-state output of (2) is given by

$$y_{ss}(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \alpha),$$

and give explicit expressions for the amplitude  $A$  and the phase  $\alpha$  in terms of the plant parameters  $a$ ,  $b$  and the input frequency  $\omega$ .

- (c) Show that the sinusoidal input  $u(t) = \sin \omega t$  is sufficiently rich in the sense that  $\phi = (u, -y_{ss})^\top$  has the PE property.